



- 9) In case of sinusoidal voltage if  $V_{rms}$  is the rms voltage and  $V_m$  is the maximum voltage, then  $V_{rms} =$ \_\_\_\_\_
- A)  $V_m$       B)  $\frac{V_m}{2}$       C)  $\frac{3V_m}{2}$       D)  $\frac{V_m}{\sqrt{2}}$
- 10) For a purely inductive AC circuit, inductor current leads the supply voltage by 90 degree angle.
- A) True      B) False
- 11) At higher frequencies, the value of inductive reactance\_\_\_\_\_
- A) Decreases    B) Remains same    C) Increases    D) Depends on applied voltage
- 12) In a series R-L-C circuit, at resonance current is maximum.
- A) True      B) False
- 13) A transformer operates\_\_\_\_\_
- A) On DC supply only    B) On AC supply only    C) Both AC and DC supply
- 14) A transformer transforms\_\_\_\_\_
- A) Voltage and Current    B) Voltage      C) Current      D) Frequency

**Attempt any four questions from Q-2 to Q-8**

**Q-2      Attempt all questions      (14)**

- (a) Explain the effect of temperature on resistance for the given materials.      **07**
- i) Pure Metals      ii) Alloys      iii) Insulators and Semiconductors
- (b) Derive an expression for 'n' number of resistances connected in parallel. Give the advantages of parallel connection.      **07**

**Q-3      Attempt all questions      (14)**

- (a) State Faraday's first law and second law electromagnetic induction. Derive the equation of induced emf  $e = N \frac{d\phi}{dt}$ . Where N= Number of turns in a coil,  $\phi$  = flux in the coil.      **07**
- (b) Derive the equation of flux  $\phi = \frac{NI}{S}$  for a magnetic circuit. Where,      **07**
- $I$ = Current through the magnetic circuit.  
 $N$ = Number of turns in a magnetic circuit.  
 $S$ = Reluctance of the magnetic circuit.

**Q-4      Attempt all questions      (14)**

- (a) Explain the action of a capacitor and derive the equation for the capacitance  $C = \frac{Q}{V}$ .      **07**



- (b) Derive an expression for the equivalent capacitance for a number of capacitors connected in  
Series            ii) Parallel            **07**

**Q-5            Attempt all questions            (14)**

- (a) Obtain an expression for the equivalent delta network resistance for a given star network.            **07**
- (b) Derive the relationship between the voltage and current for purely resistive AC circuit. Draw the waveforms and phasor for voltage and current.            **07**

**Q-6            Attempt all questions            (14)**

- (a) Draw the power triangle. From the power triangle define  
i) Active power    ii) Reactive power    iii) Apparent power    iv) Power factor            **07**
- (b) Explain the following sinusoidal function terminology.            **07**  
i) Amplitude            ii) Angular Frequency            iii) Time period

**Q-7            Attempt all questions            (14)**

- (a) For a three phase star connected balance system, Derive the relation between  
i) Phase Voltage and Line Voltage  
ii) Phase Current and Line Current            **07**
- (b) Give various wattmeter methods for measuring power in three phase circuits and explain any one of them.            **07**

**Q-8            Attempt all questions            (14)**

- (a) Explain the theory of an ideal transformer. Explain the construction of core type transformer.            **07**
- (b) Derive the emf equation  $e = 4.44 f N \phi_m$  for a single phase transformer Where f= frequency of supply, N= number of turns either primary or secondary side,  $\phi_m$  = maximum flux in the core.            **07**

